Bison Innovative Products	Toll Free: 800-333-4234	Hours Mon-Fri 8am-5pm MST	
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Section 1: Product Information

Product Name	CUBE-PC.
Description	Powder coated aluminum planter/bench cubes.
Prepared By	Bison Innovative Products.
Chemical	Aluminum alloy and powder coats.
Products	All Bison powder coated aluminum cubes. CUBE-PC.

Section 2: Hazard Identification

Aluminum Alloy

Aluminum in its metallic or alloy form is inert and exhibits no toxic properties to man. Silver-gray solid without an odor. Non-flammable as supplied. Small chips, fine turnings and dust from post processing may ignite readily. Explosion or fire hazards may be present when chips, fine turnings, or dust in contact with water. Do not allow aluminum fines or dust to collect on the structure as it could represent a fire or a secondary explosion. Reacts violently with halogenated hydrocarbons and with oxidizers to produce heat. Aluminum fines-avoid contact with water, do not use water to clean-up spills. Use non-sparking tools for clean-up or natural bristle broom. Avoid generation of dust cloud of fine particles during clean up. Aluminum is a nuisance dust. Dust or fumes from processing can cause eye, skin, or upper respiratory tract irritation. If dusts or fumes are generated by processing:

rumes from proce	sing can cause eye, skin, or appearespiratory tract intration. If austs or rames are generated by processing.			
Eyes	May produce irritation.			
Skin	May produce irritation or physical abrasion of skin. Some aluminum products are supplied with an oil coating or have residual oil from the manufacturing process. Prolong or repeated skin contact with oil may result in skin irritation, dermatitis or both.			
Inhalation	May produce irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Low health risk by inhalation. Aluminum dust should be treated as a nuisance dust as defined by ACGIH and OSHA. Welding and plasma arc cutting of Aluminum can generate ozone. Over exposure to ozone can result in mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. Over exposure can cause pulmonary edema.			
Ingestion	Unknown.			
General	Plasma cutting of Aluminum can generate oxides of nitrogen (NO, NO ₂). Oxides of nitrogen can cause irritation to eyes, skin, and upper respiratory tract. Exposure of high level of nitrogen oxides can cause delayed pulmonary edema which may be fatal.			
Carcinogenicity	Not listed by OSHA, IARC, or NTP as a carcinogen.			
Powder Coating				

Powder Coating

The following statements apply to the raw powder before it is baked onto the cubes. The cubes in their shipped condition do not pose the same exposures.

Considered hazardous with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Hazard	Hazard Statements		tionary Statements
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction. (1)	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection for handling.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (3)	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer. (2)	P202	Do not handle powder until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (1)	D2.C0	Do not breathe dust.
H318	Causes serious eye damage. (1)	P260	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	May cause genetic defects. (1B)		Dispose in accordance to Federal, State, and local laws.
	May form combustible dust concentrations in		
H340	air.		
П340	Acute Inhalation/Oral Toxicity (4)		



Target Organ Systemic Toxicant (2)

Harmful if swallowed

Carcinogenicity (2)

() Indicates Category of OSHA/HCS Classification.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Product Component	Chemical	Symbol	Max Content by Weight %	Long Term Exposure Limit (8hr TWA) mg/m³	Short Term Exposure Limit (10min TWA) mg/m³
	Copper	Cu	12	1 – Total Inhalable 0.2 – Respirable Fume	2 – Total Inhalable
	Magnesium	Mg	12	(10) – Total Inhalable (4) – Respirable Fume	(10) – Respirable Fume
	Silicon	Si	26	10 – Total Inhalable 4 – Respirable Fume	-
	Iron	Fe	1.5	(5) – Respirable Fume	(10) – Respirable Fume
	Manganese	Mn	3	14 – Total Inhalable 1 – Respirable Fume	3 – Respirable Fume
	Nickel	Ni	3	0.5 – Total Inhalable	-
	Zinc	Zn	14	(5) – Respirable Fume	(10) – Respirable Fume
	Lead	Pb	1	0.15 – Total Inhalable	4 – Total Inhalable
	Tin	Sn	8	2 – Total Inhalable	-
			_	(10) – Total Inhalable	
Aluminum	Titanium	Ti	1	(4) – Respirable Fume	-
Alloy	Antimony	Sb	1	0.5 – Total Inhalable	-
·• ,	Beryllium	Be	0.08	0.002 – Total Inhalable	-
	Boron	В	0.00	(10) – Total Inhalable	(20) – Total Inhalable
	Bismuth	Bi	0.02	-	-
	Chromium	Cr	0.7	0.5 – Total Inhalable	_
	Cobalt	Co	0.6	0.1 – Total Inhalable	-
	Lithium	Li	0.01	0.025 – Total Inhalable	_
	Phosphorous	P	0.015	0.1 – Total Inhalable	-
	Sodium	Na	0.013	0.1 – Total Illialable	
	Strontium	Sr	0.03		_
	Zirconium	Zr	0.08	5 – Total Inhalable	10 – Total Inhalable
	Calcium	Ca	0.2	(2) – Total Inhalable	10 – Total Illilalable
	Silver		1.5	0.1 – Total Inhalable	-
	Aluminum	Ag Al	Remainder	10 – Total Inhalable 4 – Respirable Fume	-
Black	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	Carbon Black	_	0.50-0.99	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	MICA	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Bronze	Titanium Dioxide	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	Iron Oxide	-	< 1	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Paraffin	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Titanium dioxide	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Aluminum Hydroxide	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Charcoal Powder Coat	CI Pigment Brown 24 / Chrome Antimony Titanium Buff Rutile	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Amorphous Silixon Dioxide	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Formaldehyde	-	-	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Red Boundar Coat	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	-	4-15	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	Titanium dioxide	-	0.8	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Silver	Barium Sulfate	-	20-30	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	Aluminum Powder	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)

	e-Caprolactam	-	1-5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Polytetrafluoroethylene	-	< 1	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Product Component	Chemical	Symbol	Max Content by Weight %	Long Term Exposure Limit (8hr TWA) mg/m³	Short Term Exposure Limit (10min TWA) mg/m³
	Titanium Dioxide	-	25 – < 50	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Midnight	Aluminum	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Blue Powder Coat	Carbon Black	-	5 – < 10	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Coat	2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec- 5-yne-4,7-diol	-	1-<5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Quartz	SiO2	< 1	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Titanium Dioxide	-	25 – < 50	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Terracopper	Aluminum	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	Carbon Black	-	5 – < 10	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec- 5-yne-4,7-diol	-	1-<5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Quartz	SiO2	< 1	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Titanium Dioxide	-	25 – < 50	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Forest	Aluminum	-	10 – < 25	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Green Powder Coat	Carbon Black	-	5 – < 10	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
Powder Coat	2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec- 5-yne-4,7-diol	-	1-<5	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Quartz	SiO2	< 1	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Titanium Dioxide	-	36.64	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
White	Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	- 4.04 (See Section 8)		(See Section 8)	
Powder Coat	Talc	-	3.38	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)
	Amorphous Silica	-	1.17	(See Section 8)	(See Section 8)

⁽⁾ Figures in brackets are for oxides of metals. The exposure limits are those listed in Guidance Note EH 40/98(1198) published by the UK Health Safety Executives. The current EH40 has precedence over the information above. During normal handling of aluminum alloys, the exposure limits for the elements present in this alloy will not be exceeded. Elements present in the aluminum alloy do not present any carcinogenic or other health hazard due to their low concentrations and the chemical form in which they are present.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

cc 4. 1 11 3 c 7	THE INTEGRALES
Eye	Flush eyes thoroughly with clean, low-pressure water or saline for 15 minutes. Treat as one would a foreign contaminant and seek medical attention. Check for and remove contact lenses. Immediately call a poison center of doctor/physician. Causes serious eye damage.
Skin	Wash affected skin thoroughly with soap and water. DO NOT USE solvents or thinners. If necessary, immerse affected skin in cool water/wrap in wet bandages. Wash clothes before reuse. May cause an allergic skin reaction or dermatitis.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed by a medical professional. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Swallowing a small quantity of this material may result in serious health hazard.
Respiratory	Upon cutting and machining generating dust, leave the exposure area and obtain fresh air and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Provide appropriate protection before allowing re-entry. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer if inhaled.
Other	Call a Poison Center immediately and follow up with a medical professional if exposed through particulates in eyes, ingested, inhaled, or skin irritated. May cause genetic defects. Causes damage to organs.



Acute/Delayed	Raw products may cause serious eye damage, irritation to the nose/throat/lungs, and may cause an allergic
Exposure	skin reaction.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Aluminum Alloy					
	Water Spray for aluminum chips or turnings. For fines, dust or molten aluminum, use Class D				
	extinguishing agents. DO NOT USE: Halogenated extinguishing agents on small chips/fines. DO NOT				
Extinguishing Media	USE: Water in fighting fires around molten aluminum. For molten aluminum fires, ring with sand.				
	AVOID: Generating dust clouds of aluminum fines during firefighting and move material towards the				
	fire in creating a fire break.				
Explosion and Fire	Does not present fire or explosion hazards as shipped. Should product be machined into chips,				
•	turnings, or dust, particulates may ignite readily. Fine aluminum chips, fines, and dusts in contact with				
Hazards	water can generate flammable/explosive gases.				
Special Fire Fighting	Fire fighters should wear NIOSH approved, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and				
Procedures	full protective clothing when appropriate.				
Flammable Limits	Flammable Limits LEL: 40 mg/L (Aluminum fines).				
	Powder Coating				
Extinguishing Media	Foam, alcohol foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water fog or sand. DO NOT USE heavy water stream.				
Explosion and Fire	This product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions. In powder form accumulating dusts				
Hazards	may form an explosive mixture in the air.				
	Fire fighters should wear NIOSH approved, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and				
Special Fire Fighting	full protective clothing when appropriate. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.				
Procedures	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering the				
	environment.				
Hazardous Combustion	Decomposition of products may result in CO, CO ₂ , smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are				
Products reported in section 3.					
	Other				
In the case of inhalation of	of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Exposed person may need to be kept				

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

under medical surveillance for 48 hrs.

Wear the appropriate protective equipment needed for handling powder coated aluminum cubes.

Maintain a clean jobsite. For fines and chips, do not use water and use non-sparking tools to clean up. Minimize dust generation and wear protective equipment. Dispose waste according to local, state, and federal law. Prevent entry of raw materials to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if raw materials enter sewers or public water. Avoid release into the environment.

Remove ignition sources, do not smoke on jobsite due to potential combustible dust particles if machined.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Wear appropriate protective equipment when handling. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and when you are leaving the work site.

Product should be kept dry in well ventilated area. Store in accordance with local regulations. Avoid contact with sharp edges, heated metal, or other heat sources. Avoid the generation of dust clouds of fine aluminum and powder coating particles. Avoid oxidizing agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

Incompatible products: Strong bases and acids. Incompatible materials: Source of ignition.

Section 8: Exposure Control and Personal Protection

Respiratory	Not expected to be needed, but in the case that cubes are machined, respiratory protection approved by					
Protection	NIOSH/MSHA for protection against airborne particulates.					
Fue Duetestien	Not expected to be needed, but in the case that the cubes are machined, wear safety glasses with side					
Eye Protection	shields, goggles, or face shield.					
Skin Protection	Wear impervious gloves to avoid cutting by sharp edge pieces.					
Ventilation	Not expected to be needed but in the case that cubes are machined, make sure that particulates are allowed					
ventuation	to ventilate.					



Other	Wash hands th jobsite.	oroughly after ha	andling. DO NOT ea	t, drink, or smoke in the	work area. Mai	ntain a clean
	,		Powder Coatin	g		
Product Component	Chemical	CAS#	ACGIH TLV TWA (Canada)	NIOSH REL	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL (TWA)
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
Black Powder Coat	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	0.1 mg of PAHs/cm³ 10 hrs.	3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hrs.	3.5 mg/m³ 8 hrs.
rowder coat	Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	0.025 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
	Limestone	1317-65-3	-	-	-	-
Bronze	MICA	12001-26-2	3 mg/m³	-	-	20 mppcf <1% Crystalline Silica
Powder Coat	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m³	-	-	15 mg/m³
	Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5 mg/m ³	-	-	5 mg/m ³
	Paraffin	8002-74-2	2 mg/m ³	-	-	-
	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m ³			15 mg/m ³
Charcoal	Aluminum Hydroxide	21645-51-2	1 mg/m³	-	-	-
Powder Coat	CI Pigment Brown 24 ()	68186-90-3	0.5 mg/m ³ Sb 0.5 mg/m ³ Cr	-	-	0.5 mg/m ³ Sb 0.5 mg/m ³ Cr
	Amorphous Silixon Dioxide	112926-00-8	1.5-10 mg/m³ (See locality)	-		20 mppcf 80 / %SiO ₂ mg/m ³
			Powder Coatin	g		
Product Component	Chemical	CAS#	ACGIH TLV TWA (Canada)	NIOSH REL	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL (TWA)
Red Powder	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	15 mg/m³ 8 hrs.
Coat	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m³	-	-	15 mg/m³
	Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5-10 mg/m³ (See locality)	-	-	5 mg/m³
Silver	Aluminum Powder	7429-90-5	1 mg/m³ (See locality)	-	-	5 mg/m³
Powder Coat	e-Caprolactam	150-60-2	5 mg/m³ (See locality)	-	-	-
	Polytetrafluoro- ethylene	9002-84-0	(See locality)	-	-	-
	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m ³	-	-	15 mg/m ³
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
Midnight	Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 mg/m³ (See locality)	-	-	5 mg/m ³
Blue Powder Coat	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hrs.	3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hrs.	3.5 mg/m³ 8 hrs.
	2,4,7,9- Tetramethyldec-5- yne-4,7-diol	126-86-3	-	-	-	-
	Quartz	14808-60-7	-	-	-	0.05 mg/m ³
	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m ³	-	-	15 mg/m ³
Terracopper Powder Coat	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
	Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 mg/m³	-	-	5 mg/m³



			(See locality)			
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3 mg/m ³	0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³
	Carbon black	1333-80-4	8 hrs.	10 hrs.	8 hrs.	8 hrs.
	2,4,7,9- Tetramethyldec-5- yne-4,7-diol	126-86-3	-	-	-	-
	Quartz	14808-60-7	ı	•	-	0.05 mg/m ³
	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m ³	-	-	15 mg/m³
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
Forest Green	Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 mg/m³ (See locality)	-	-	5 mg/m³
Powder Coat	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hrs.	3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hrs.	3.5 mg/m³ 8 hrs.
	2,4,7,9- Tetramethyldec-5- yne-4,7-diol	126-86-3	-	-	-	-
	Quartz	14808-60-7	-	-	-	0.05 mg/m ³
	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	15 mg/m³ 8 hrs.
White	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9	0.05 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	-	-	-
Powder Coat	Talc	14807-96-6	2 mg/m³ 8 hrs.	2 mg/m³ 10 hrs.	-	-
	Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	-	6 mg/m³ 10 hrs.	-	-

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

section 9. Physical and the	Aluminum Alloy		
Physical Appearance	Sheets of aluminum welded into a cube.	Color	Silver gray
Odor	Odorless	Boiling Point	>2,595° C
Solubility in Water	Insoluble	Melting Point	450-700° C
Density	2.5 – 2.9 g/cm ³		
	Powder Coating	<u> </u>	
	Black Powder Coat		
Physical Appearance	Solid	Color	Black
Density	1.6551 g/cm ³	Boiling Point	55-90° C
Lower Explosion Limit	10 g/m³	Upper Explosion Limit	70 g/m ³
	Red Powder Coat		·
Physical Appearance	Solid	Color	Red
Density	1.23 g/cm ³	Gallon Weight	10.3 lbs/gal
Ignition Temperature	601°C		
	Midnight Blue Powder Coat		
Physical State	Solid	Boiling Point	>240° C at 103,500
Odor	Characteristic	Auto-Ignition	183° C
		Temperature	
Flammability	Combustible but will not ignite readily	Vapor Pressure	0.006 hPa at 20° C
	Forest Green Powder Coat		
Physical State	Solid	Boiling Point	>240° C at 103,500 Pa
Odor	Characteristic	Auto-Ignition	183° C
		Temperature	
Flammability	Combustible but will not ignite readily	Vapor Pressure	0.006 hPa at 20° C



	Terracopper Powder Coa	t	
Physical State	Solid	Boiling Point	>240° C at 103,500
			Pa
Odor	Characteristic	Auto-Ignition	183° C
		Temperature	
Flammability	Combustible but will not ignite readily	Vapor Pressure	0.006 hPa at 20° C
	White Powder Coat		
Physical Appearance	Solid	Flash Point	93.3°C
Density	1.68 g/cm ³	Viscosity	Kinematic 40°C
Heat of Combustion	0.108 kJ/g		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Aluminum Alloy		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transportation as shipped.		
Reactivity	Water – Slowly generates flammable/explosive gas and heat, and rate is increased with smaller fines. Heat – Oxides at rate dependent upon temperature and particle size. Strong Oxidizers – Violent reaction with considerable heat generation. Acids and Alkalis – Reacts to generate flammable/explosive hydrogen gas. And rate is increased with smaller fines. Halogenated compounds – Many halogenated hydrocarbons, including halogenated fire extinguishing agents, and can react violently with fines.		
	Iron oxide (Rust) and other oxides — A violent thermite reaction generating considerable heat can occur.		
	Reaction with aluminum fines and dusts requires only very weak ignition sources.		

Powder Coating		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transportation as shipped.	
Avoid	High or low temperatures.	
Avoid	Strong oxidizing agents – Products of decomposition may form hazardous fumes such as carbon monoxide,	
Avoid	carbon dioxide, smoke oxides of nitrogen.	

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Aluminum Alloy			
Chemical	Regulation	Regulation Carcinogenicity	
Aluminum Alloy	LD50	Magnesium: Oral rat 9000 mg/kg body weight Silicon: Oral rat 3160 mg/kg body weight	
		Powder Coating	
Chemical	Regulation	Carcinogenicity	
Raw Powder	ATE (Acute Toxicity)	Oral: 2,163.4 mg/kg. Inhalation (Vapors): 47.03 mg/L	
Aluminum CAS# 7429-90-5	ATE (Acute Toxicity)	Inhalation (Dust/Mist): 1.14 mg/l /4h	
	ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.	
	LC50/LD50	Rat: Inhalation > 650 mg/m ³ . Rat (Male): Dermal > 2,000 mg/kg. Rat: Oral 100-200 mg/kg	
1,3,5-Triglycidyl	Additional Info	Rabbit: Severe eye irritation (Category 1). Mild skin irritation (1). Mutagenicity in mouse, and S. typhimurium (1B). Carcinogenicity (2).	
Isocyanurate CAS# 2451-62-9	IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.	
	NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.	
	OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	
Aluminum Hydroxide	LD50	Rat (Oral): 5,000 mg/kg.	



CAS# 21645-51-2		
	ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
Amorphous Silica	Additional Info	Amorphous silica is not classified as to its carcinogenicity to humans, however crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite is carcinogenic to humans. Stomach irregularities based on human evidence.
CAS# 112926-00-8	IARC	(Group 3): Not classifiable as to its human carcinogenicity to humans.
	NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
	OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Barium Sulfate CAS# 7727-43-7	ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
	Additional Info	Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause baritosis, a benign pneumoconiosis. If ingested, the presence of soluble barium salts as impurities may cause toxic reactions due to bioaccumulation. Damage to the lungs. Stomach irregularities based on human evidence. Carcinogenicity: Rat – Lungs, thorax, or respiratory tumors.
	IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
	NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
	OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Powder Coating			
Chemical	Regulation	on Carcinogenicity	
CI Pigment Brown 24 / Chrome Antimony Titanium Buff Rutile	LD50	Rat (Oral): 10,000 mg/kg	
CAS# 68186-90-3			
	1	Powder Coating	
Chemical	Regulation	Carcinogenicity	
	ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or EPA	Carcinogenicity by RTECS criteria: Rat (Inhalation) – Lungs, thorax, or respiratory tumors.	
	LD50	Rabbit: Dermal > 3,000 mg/kg. Rat: Oral > 8,000 mg/kg	
Carbon Black	IARC	(Group 2B): Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
CAS# 1333-86-4	NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.	
	OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	
	ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.	
Crystalline Silica CAS# 14808-60-7	Additional Info	Prolonged inhalation of crystalline silica may result in silicosis, a disabling pulmonary fibrosis characterized by fibrotic changes and military nodules in the lungs, a dry cough, shortness of breath, emphysema, decreased chest expansion, and increased susceptibility to tuberculosis. Liver irregularities based on human evidence. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	IARC	(Croup 1): Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz).	
	NTP	Known to be a human carcinogen (Quartz).	
	OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	
e-Caprolactam	LD50	Rat (Oral): 1,210 mg/kg. Rabbit (dermal): 1,438 mg/kg.	



CAS# 105-60-2	LC50	Rat (Inhalation): 8.16 mg/l over 4 hrs.	
	Additional Info	Target Organs: Central Nervous System (CNS), Central Vascular System (CVS), Eyes,	
	Additional lillo	Kidney, Liver, respiratory system, skin.	
Iron Oxide CAS# 1309-37-1	LD50	Rat (Oral): 10,000 mg/kg.	
Limestone	LD50	Rat (Oral): 6,450 mg/kg.	
CAS# 1317-65-3	Additional Info	Rabbit (Eye): Draize test 750 ug/24hr severe. Rabbit (Skin): Draize test 500 mg/24 hr. moderate.	
Paraffin CAS# 8002-74-2	LD50	Rat (Oral): 3,750 mg/kg. Rabbit (Oral): >3600 mg/kg.	
2,4,7,9-			
Tetramethyldec-5-yne-	ATE (Acute	Oral: >500 mg/kg.	
4,7-diol	Toxicity)	Oral. >500 mg/kg.	
CAS# 126-86-3			
Quartz (SiO2)	IARC	(Group 1)	
CAS# 14808-60-7	IAIC	(Group 1)	
Talc	IARC	(Group 3).	
CAS# 14807-96-6	Additional Info	Mild skin irritant. Carcinogenicity (Category 1).	
	LD50	Rat (Oral): 10,000 mg/kg.	
Titanium Dioxide	LC50	Fish: 1,000,000 ug/l over 96 hours.	
CAS# 13463-67-7	IARC	(Group 2B)	
	Additional Info	Target Organs: Lungs/Respiratory system.	

Section 12: Ecological Information

Raw powder discharg	Raw powder discharge into the environment must be avoided.		
Chemical	CAS#	Toxicity	
1,3,5-Triglycidyl	2451-62-9	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 0.5-1% not biodegradable. Toxicity to	
Isocyanurate		algae 29-30 mg/l over 72hrs. Toxic to bacteria > 100 mg/l over 3hrs. Toxic to aquatic	
		invertebrates > 100 mg/l over 24 hrs. Toxic to fish > 77 mg/l over 96 hrs.	
Amorphous Silica	112926-00-8	No data available.	
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	No data available.	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Toxic to algae > 10,000 mg/l over 72 hrs. Toxic to aquatic invertebrates > 5,600 mg/l	
		over 24 hrs. Toxic to fish > 1,000 mg/l over 96 hrs.	
Chemical	CAS#	Toxicity	
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	No data available.	
e-Caprolactam	105-60-2	Toxic to algae 160 mg/l over 72 hrs. Toxic to Fish 930 mg/l over 96 hrs. Toxic to aquatic	
		invertebrates 500 mg/l over 48 hrs.	
Limestone	1317-65-3	No data available.	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Fish: 1,000,000 ug/l over 96 hrs.	

Section 13: Disposal Consideration

This material when discarded or disposed of is not specifically listed as a hazardous waste. Under RCRA and would normally not exhibit any characteristics of hazardous waste as specified in 40 CFR part 261.2. However, if this material is processed, mixed or contaminated with other materials, it may become regulated as hazardous waste and subject to applicable RCRA requirements 40 CFR 262-266 and 268. Dispose in accordance to Federal, State, and local laws. Avoid release into the environment.

Section 14: Transport Information

Not regulated as hazardous material or dangerous good for transportation. Check with your carrier for additional restrictions that may apply. TSCA, DSL compliant.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Regulation		
Aluminum Alloy		
OSHA	This material is not known to be hazardous as defined by OSHA's Process Safety Management Standard, 29 CFR 1910.119.	



TSCA	All components listed.		
CERCLA	Reportable Quantity: Chromium, Zinc, and Nickel.		
SADA 244 /242	Physical and Health Categories: Immediate (acute), delayed (chronic) if particulates/fumes are generated		
SARA 311/312	during processing.		
HMIS Rating	Health = 2 Flammability = 1 Reactivit	ry = 1	
		Powder Coating	
OSHA	Moderate skin and eye irritant.		
TSCA	All components listed.		
SARA 304		omponents with a section 304 EHS RQ.	
SARA 311/312	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate 2451-6	52-9	
3ANA 311/312	Carbon Black 1333-86-4		
	Ci Pigment Brown 24 / Chrome Antimony Titanium Buff Rutile (1.0% Threshold Values) 68186-90-3		
SARA 313	Barium Titanate (1.0% Threshold Values) 12047-27-7		
371171313	Barium Sulfate (1.0% Threshold Values) 7727-43-7		
	Aluminum Powder (1.0% Threshold Values) 7429-90-5		
HMIS Rating	Health = 2 Flammability = 1 Reactivity = 1 Personal Protection: E		
	State Regulation		
	(Proposition 65): Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. Product in its shipped condition		
	doesn't pose an exposure risk. Not expected to occur but if cubes are machined due to post processing such as		
California	drilling, cutting, welding, or other machining may prompt an exposure risk.		
	△WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including nickel (metallic), which are known to the		
	State of California to cause cancer, and lead, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth		
	-	For more information go to - <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u> .	
	Right to Know.		
Massachusetts	Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	
	Limestone	1317-65-3	
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	
	Amorphous Silica	112926-00-8	
	Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	

	Right to Know.	
	Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7
	Limestone	1317-65-3
	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Donneylyania	Amorphous Silica	112926-00-8
Pennsylvania	Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7
	MICA	12001-26-2
	Iron Oxide	1309-37-1
	Paraffin	8002-74-2
	Aluminum Powder	7429-90-5
	Talc	14807-96-6
	Right to Know.	
	Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7
	Limestone	1317-65-3
New Jersey	1,3,5-Triglycidyl Isocyanurate	2451-62-9
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4
	Amorphous Silica	112926-00-8
	Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7



Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7
Aluminum Powder	7429-90-5

Section 16: Other Information

% Volatile by Volume	0	% Volatile by Weight	0		
% Solids by Volume	100	% Solids by Weight	100		
VOC Content	Content tested per EPA Method 24, ASTM D2369 is less than 1% wt./wt.				
Legend	ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)				
	DOT (Department of Transportation)				
	EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)				
	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)				
	IATA (International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)				
	NIOSH (National Toxicology Program)				
	OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)				
	PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit)				
	RQ (Reportable Quantity)				
	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)				
	TWA (Time-weighted average)				

Disclaimer: The data in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the specific product designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or process. The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this SDS is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The data does not signify any warranty with regard to the products' properties. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customer and the protection of the environment. The information and data herein are believed to be accurate and have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. United Construction Products, dba Bison Innovative Products and its subsidiaries make no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information and data herein. The implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose are specifically excluded. United Construction Products, dba Bison Innovative Products and its subsidiaries will not be liable for claims relating to any party's use of or reliance on information and data contained herein regardless of whether it is claimed that the information and data are inaccurate, incomplete or otherwise misleading.